

Adjectives with too and not enough problems and solutions

Market Leader Elementary Unit 3

Think of problems with some of these words and see if your partner can think of good solutions, commenting on what they say. You can use more than one word together if you like. Note that some of the words below are positive, so you'll have to use a sentence that makes them negative.

big/ large	boring
bright	cheap/ reasonable
clean	clear
cold/ cool	confusing
dangerous/ risky	dark
difficult/ tricky	dirty
early	easy
expensive/ pricy	far
fast/ quick	flexible
hard	heavy
high	hot/ warm
inflexible	interesting
late	light
long	loud/ noisy
low	messy/ untidy
narrow	near/ close
neat/ tidy	new
old	quiet
relaxing	reliable
safe	short
slow	small
soft	stressful
unreliable	wide

Match up opposites above. Note that they might be in the same column.

What phrases can you use to ask for advice, give advice and comment on people's advice?

Do the same activity as above, but this time with nouns with "not any" and "some".

Do the same activity with the verb "has/ have"/ "has got/ have got".

List problems that people typically have at work in your country, e.g. "People don't usually have any...", then listen to tapescript T1.35 and compare their ideas to yours.

Do the same for problems that companies often face in your country, for example "Companies usually have some...", then listen to tapescript T1.36 and compare their ideas to yours.

Share some problems that you found solutions for, then listen to tapescript T1.37 and compare their ideas to yours.